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## PROBLEM SOLVING IN CHEMISTRY

1.4

## Section Review

## Objectives

- Identify a general approach to solving a problem
- Describe three steps for solving numeric problems
- Describe two steps for solving conceptual problems


## Part A Completion

Use this completion exercise to check your understanding of the concepts and terms that are introduced in this section. Each blank can be completed with a term, short phrase, or number.

Effective problem solving involves developing a _ $\mathbf{1}$ and

## 2

Your textbook teaches a $\qquad$ 3 -step approach to numeric problem solving. Step 1 is to $\qquad$ 4 the problem. Identify what is known and what is $\mathbf{5}$. Then make a $\quad \mathbf{6}$ for getting from the known to the unknown. Step 2 is to $\quad \mathbf{7}$. If you have
done a good job of planning, this should be straightforward. Step 3 is to $\quad \mathbf{8}$ your answer. Does the answer make $\quad \mathbf{9}$ ? An answer should be expressed in the correct $\quad \mathbf{1 0}$ and with the correct number of $\quad \mathbf{1 1}$. .

1. $\qquad$
2. $\qquad$
3. $\qquad$
4. $\qquad$
5. $\qquad$
6. $\qquad$
7. $\qquad$
8. $\qquad$
9. $\qquad$
10. $\qquad$
11. $\qquad$

## Part B True-False

Classify each of these statements as always true, AT; sometimes true, ST; or never true, NT.
$\qquad$ 12. All of the information needed to solve a numeric problem will be given in the problem.
13. Problem solving involves developing a plan.
$\qquad$ 14. The first step in solving a numeric problem is to calculate the answer.
$\qquad$ 15. If you have a good problem-solving plan, it is not necessary to check your work.
$\qquad$ 16. Identifying knowns and unknowns is part of the first problem-solving step.
$\qquad$ 17. Analyze and solve are the two steps for solving conceptual problems.
$\qquad$ Date $\qquad$
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## Part C Matching

Match each description in Column B to the correct term in Column A.

## Column A

18. analyze
19. calculate
20. evaluate
21. known
22. unknown

## Column B

a. the starting point for solving a problem
b. Step 1 in the three-step problem-solving approach
c. what a problem-solving plan is designed to identify
d. Step 3 in the three-step problem-solving approach
e. Step 2 in the three-step problem-solving approach

## Part D Questions and Problems

Apply the three-step problem-solving approach to the problems below.
23. What is the length, in centimeters, of a 10.0 -inch ruler, given that there are 2.54 centimeters per inch?
24. How many miles are there in 5.0 kilometers, given that there are 0.62 miles per kilometer?

